



'Having' is the 'group by' equivalent of a where clause and is used to test against the grouped column(s)

```
select sum(<column_name1>)  
        ,<column_name2>  
from <table_name>  
where <column_name3> = 'value'  
group by <column_name2>  
having sum(<column_name1>) > 10;
```

## Aggregating Values – Using Having with Group By



```
select sum(sts_number_sold)
        , sts_stock_number
from stock_sales
where sts_stock_number > 5
group by sts_stock_number
having sum(sts_number_sold) > 10;
```

<i>SUM( STS_NUMBER_SOLD )</i>	<i>STS_STOCK_NUMBER</i>
34	7
12	9
22	10
29	11
15	12